Warm-up

1) In $y=m x+b$, what do $m \dot{\xi}$ mean? $m=$ slope $b=$ start pt. on $y$-axis
2) In $A_{x}+B_{y}=C$, how do you find the $x$ by intercepts?
$x$ int: Cover $y$ i solve for $x \quad y$-int: cover $x$ i solve for $y$
3) What invention, still used in parts of the word, lets people see through walls?
2.4 Write Equations of Lines

Three Situations:

1) Given slope ? $y$-intercept, use $y=m x+b$ ex. $m=-\frac{4}{3}, b=-5$

$$
y=-\frac{4}{3} x-5
$$

2) Given a point ! the slope, use point-slope

$$
y-y_{1}=m\left(x-x_{1}\right) \text {, for stem } \div\left(x_{1}, y_{1}\right)
$$

Ex. Goes thru $(5,-4), m=-3$

$$
\begin{gathered}
y--4=-3(x-5) \\
* \text { slope int form now }-. . \\
y+4=-3 x+15 \\
-4 \\
y=-3 x+11
\end{gathered}
$$

3) Given 2 points, find slope $m=\frac{y_{2}-y_{1}}{x_{2}-x_{1}} \sum_{i}^{\text {pr }}$ pick a point $\dot{幺}^{2^{n d}}$ use point slope form
Ex. Goes thru $B(5,-2)$ and $B(2,10)$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1^{5+}: m=\frac{10+2}{2-5}=\frac{12}{-3}-(-4) \\
& 2^{n d}: \quad y-y_{1}=m\left(x-x_{1}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

use $A(5,-2)$ i $m=-4$ OR use $B(a, 10)!m=-4$

$$
y--2=-4(x-5) \quad y+2=-4(x-5) \text { or } y-10=-4(x-4)
$$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
y=-x+3 & y=\frac{1}{2} x-7 \\
m=-1 & m=\frac{1}{2} \\
\|_{m}=-1 & \perp m=-2 \\
(,) \leqq m=-1 &
\end{array}
$$

