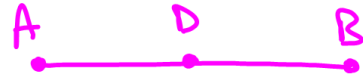


## 1.3 Midpoint & Distance Formulas



Cut  $\overline{AB}$  in half.  
(bicycle)  
2 - wheel

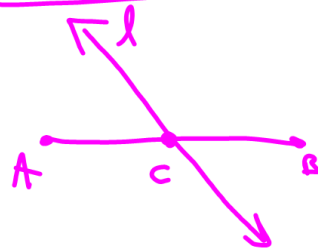


Called bisector  
(2 = parts)

\*D is the Segment b. sector of  $\overline{AB}$

So  $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{DB}$

\*D is also called the midpoint



$l$  is the bisector of  $\overline{AB}$

- C is the midpoint

-  $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{CB}$   
(cuts  $\overline{AB}$  in half)

-  $l$  is the segment bisector

If  $AC = 12$ ,

$CB = ?$  (12)

$AB = ?$  (24)

## Example

Point M is the midpoint of  $\overline{VW}$ .  
Find length of  $\overline{VM}$ .



Need an equation or a relation

$$\overline{VM} \cong \overline{MW} \quad \text{or} \quad VM = MW$$

\* Know  $VM = 4x-1$   
 $MW = 3x+3$

$$\begin{array}{r} (vm) \quad (mw) \\ 4x-1 = 3x+3 \\ +1 \quad \quad +1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x = 3x+4 \\ -3x \quad -3x \end{array}$$

$$1x = 4$$

$$x = 4$$

(plug in for x)

So  $VM = 4x-1$

$$= 4 \cdot 4 - 1$$

$$= 16 - 1$$

$$= \textcircled{15}$$

$$MW = 3x+3$$

$$= 12+3$$

$$= \textcircled{15}$$